



# The Sindh Government Gazette

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## PART IV

PROVINCIAL ASSEMBLY OF SIND

NOTIFICATION

Karachi, the 26th May, 1977

No. PAS/Legis./Bill-7/77.—The Sindh Ministers (Salaries, Allowances and Privileges) (Amendment) Bill, 1977 having been passed by the Provincial Assembly of Sindh on the 10th May, 1977 and assented to by the Governor of Sindh on 23rd May, 1977 is hereby published as an Act of the Legislature of Sindh:—

THE SINDH MINISTERS (SALARIES, ALLOWANCES AND PRIVILEGES) (AMENDMENT) ACT, 1977.

SINDH ACT No. II OF 1977.

(First published after having received the assent of the Governor of Sindh in the Gazette of Sindh (Extraordinary) dated 26th May, 1977.)

AN

ACT

*to amend the Sindh Ministers (Salaries, Allowances and Privileges) Act, 1975.*

WHEREAS it is expedient to amend the Sindh Ministers (Salaries, Allowances and Privileges) Act, 1975, in the manner hereinafter, appearing: Preamble.  
It is hereby enacted as follows:—

1. (1) This Act may be called the Sindh Ministers (Salaries, Allowances and Privileges) (Amendment) Act, 1977.

Short title  
and  
commence-  
ment.

(2) It shall come into force at once.

Amendment  
of section 2  
of Sind  
Act VIII  
of 1975.

2. In the Sind Ministers (Salaries, Allowances and Privileges) Act, 1975, hereinafter referred to as the said Act, in section 2,—

(i) for clause (d), the following shall be substituted:—

“(d) “maintenance” means the payment of local rates and taxes and the charges of the electricity, gas and water;”

(ii) for clause (g), the following shall be substituted:—

“(g) “official residence” means a Government owned accommodation or, a house requisitioned by Government, for use by the Chief Minister or a Minister, as the case may be, and includes out-houses and other buildings and gardens appurtenant thereto.”

Amendment  
of section  
7 of Sind  
Act VIII  
of 1975.

3. In the said Act, for section 7, the following shall be substituted:—

“7. (1) The Chief Minister or a Minister, as the case may be, shall be provided with official residence, and until such residence is provided, he shall be paid the actual expenditure incurred by him on rented accommodation subject to a maximum of three thousand rupees per mensem.

(2) Where the Chief Minister or a Minister, as the case may be, chooses to reside in his own house, he may be paid such rent, not exceeding three thousand rupees per mensem, as may be assessed by Government or an officer authorised by it in this behalf.

(3) Government shall bear the expenditure incurred on furnishing—

(a) upto thirty thousand rupees in the case of official residence; and

(b) upto twenty thousand rupees in the case the Chief Minister or a Minister, as the case may be, resides in his own house or rented house; provided that the furnishing shall not include curtains and carpets.

(4) The residence of the Chief Minister or a Minister, as the case may be, shall, in addition to furnishing mentioned in sub-section (3), be provided with two air-conditioners of capacity not exceeding 18000 British Thermal Units each, and one refrigerator of capacity not exceeding 10.5 cubic feet.

(5) The maintenance of the premises in occupation of the Chief Minister or a Minister, as the case may be, shall be the responsibility of Government.

(6) The Chief Minister or a Minister, as the case may be, shall be entitled to retain official residence for fifteen days after ceasing to hold his office.”

By order of the Speaker,  
Provincial Assembly of Sind.

JAMALUDDIN ABRO,

Secretary,

Provincial Assembly of Sind.