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## PART-IV

### PROVINCIAL ASSEMBLY OF SINDH NOTIFICATION KARACHI, THE 02ND SEPTEMBER, 2020

NO.PAS/LEGIS-B-04/2020-'The Sindh Wildlife Protection, Preservation. Conservation and Management Bill, 2020 having been passed by the Provincial Assembly of Sindh on 27th July, 2020 and assented to by the Governor of Sindh on 25th August, 2020 is hereby published as an Act of the Legislature of Sindh,

#### THE SINDH WILDLIFE PROTECTION, PRESERVATION, CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT ACT, 2020

#### SINDH ACT NO. XXIII OF 2020

#### AN

#### Am

to make provision for protection, conservation, preservation, sustainable use of wildlife for establishment. management and maintenance of protected areas in the Province of Sindh.

WHEREAS to provision for make protection, Preamble, conservation, preservation, sustainable use of wildlife for establishment, management and maintenance of protected areas in the Province of Sindh and to provide for matters connected therewith or ancillary thereto;

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(168)

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It is hereby enacted as follows:-

#### CHAPTER-I PRELIMINARY

1. (1) This Act may be called the Sindh Wildlife Protection. Short title, Preservation, Conservation and Management Act, 2020. extent and

commencement.

PARTIN

(2) It shall extend to the whole of the Province of Sindh.

(3) It shall come into force at once.

In this Act, unless there is anything repugnant in the Definitions. subject or context-

(i) "animal" means animals of wild priorin, terrestrial and or aquatic, that lociddes lich, birds, reptiles, mammais, amphibians, and their edgs excluding livestock:

(ii) "Ammal or Sindh" means the Sindh Ibex declared and notified as Animal of Sindh:

(iii) "Appendix" means a document of Convention on International Trade on Endangered Species (CITES) of Wild Fauna and Flora and Convention on Midratory Species (CMS):

(iv) "article" means anything made from whole or part of any wild, captive bred or pet animal of wild origin:

(v) "animal display" means exhibiting any wild animal and captive breed, dead or alive:

(vi) "biological diversity" or "biodiversity" means the variety of plant and animal life in a particular habitat or ecosystem;

(vii) "biosphere reserve" means an area of terrestrial and coastal or marine ecosystems or a combination thereof;

(viii) "buffer-zone" means a zonal area that lies between two or more areas:

(ix) "certificate" means a certificate for lawful possession of wild animal or captive breed, issued under this Act;

(x) "Code" means the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1989 (Act V of 1989);

(xi) "competent authority" means the Chief Minister of Sindh;

(xii) "core zone" means the designated protected areas where all kinds of biotic and abiotic interferences are prohibited, unless specifically required and allowed;

(xiii) "Convention" means the Convention on Biological Diversity as ratified by the Government of Pakistan, inclusive of its Articles as are amended by the Conference of Parties to the Convention in their meetings from time to time;

(xiv) "community" means a community that is managing or is involved in management of any other type of Conservation Area;

(xv) "Council" means the Sindh Council for Conservation of Wildlife established under section 3;

(xvi) "cruelty to animal" means an act directed towards a wild animal, which is against the natural instinct and behavior of the wild animal;

(xvii) "circus" means a collection of wild or captive animal bred;

(xviii) "Convention on Migratory Species" means the convention on migratory species ratified by the Government of Pakistan;

(xix) "captive breeding" means the process of keeping and breeding of animals in controlled environment such as breeding farm, wildlife farm and zoo;

(xx) "dealer" a person authorized to sell, purchase, barter any wild animal, its parts, products and derivatives thereof or process or manufacture any article therefrom;

(xxl) "Department" means the Wildlife Department, Government of Sindh;

(xxli) "dignitary" means any foreign person applying for a hunting permit;

(xxiii) "derivative" means an extract from a wild animal or part thereof and includes an oil extracted from the fat of mammals, birds and reptiles;

(xxiv)"eco-tourism' means responsible travel to natural areas that conserve the environment, sustain the wellbeing of local people, and involve interpretation and environmental education;

(xxv) "endangered" means the species which is in danger of extinction;

(xxvi) "exotic" means the species, both floral and faunal, which are not native;

(xxvii) "ex-situ conservation" means the conservation of components of biological diversity outside their natural habitats;

(xxviii) "First Offence Report or FOR" means the FIR as defined in the Code and for the purpose of this Act issued immediately after detection of an offence related to wildlife and forest;

(xxix) "Fund" means the Wildlife and Conservation Fund Development constituted under this Act;

(xxx) "Government" means the Government of Sindh;

(xxxi) "game animal" means a wild animal specified in Second Schedule;

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(xxxii) "game reserve" means an area managed by Government for hunting and shooting during hunting season;

(xxxiii) "guidelines" means the guidelines issued or notified under this Act unless specified otherwise;

(xxxiv) "habitat" means any area, which contains suitable living conditions for a species;

(xxxv) "hunting" means killing, shooting, trapping or capturing of a wild animal and includes taking the nest or egg of a wild animal;

(xxxvi) "hunting season" means notified period of the year when game is allowed as may be prescribed by rules;

(xxxvii) "indigenous" refers to a species of wild animal which is native;

(xxxviii) "investigation" includes all the proceedings under the Code for the collection of evidence conducted by authorized wildlife officer or by any person who is authorized.

(xxxix) "Investigation Officer" means an officer not below the rank of Wildlife Sub-Inspector or any Wildlife officer who is authorized to conduct any investigation under this Act;

(xl) "licence" means a licence issued under this Act;

(xli) "Management Authority" means a National Management Authority designated in accordance with Article IX of Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of Wild Fauna and Flora (CITES), authorized to regulate the Import and export of CITES specimen to and from Pakistan respectively;

(xlii) "Multi-lateral Environmental Agreements" means the Agreements referred to in this Act and to which Pakistan is a Party;

(xliii) "meat" means the flesh, fat, blood or any edible part of wild animal, whether fresh or preserved;

(xliv) "migratory species" means the wild animal population which has natural instinct of migration during a particular season;

(xlv) "Officer" means the Conservator Wildlife, Deputy Conservator Wildlife, Divisional Wildlife Officer, District Wildlife Officer, Assistant Conservator Wildlife, Game Officer Wildlife, Wildlife Ranger, Deputy Director Wildlife, Assistant Director Wildlife, Field Officer, Sanctuary Warden, Project Officer, Deputy Sanctuary Warden Hatchery Attendant, Wildlife Inspector, Wildlife Sub-Inspector, Game Watcher and Wildlife Guard or any other officer authorized in this behalf to carry out all or any of the purposes of this Act or to do anything required to be done by or under this Act or rules made thereunder; (xlvi) "permit" means a special or ordinary permit issued under this Act;

(xivii) "prescribed" means prescribed by rules;

(xlviii) "private game reserve" means an area of land held in private ownership permissible and declared under section 15:

(xlix) "product" means an article made from a wild animal and/or a plant or a part thereof;

(I) "property" means any wildlife, dead or alive, which has been hunted, killed, captured or acquired in accordance with the provisions of the Act; (fire-arm, net, trap, snare, bow, arrow or any vehicle or vessel or anything whatsoever used or suspected to have been used in the commission of an offence under this Act.

(ii) "protected animal" means a wild animal specified in the First Schedule;

(lii) "protected area" means the area declared as protected area under section 8 that includes National Park Wildlife Sanctuary, Game Reserve, or any notified under this Act;

 (IIII) "Ramsar Convention" means the Convention on Wetlands of International Importance, Especially as Habitats of Migratory Waterfowl;

(liv) "rules" means rules made under this Act;

(Iv) "Schedule" means a Schedule to this Act;

(ivi) "specimen" means any alive or dead wild animal or plant or readily recognizable part thereof or product or derivative therefrom;

(Ivii)"trophy" means and inter alia, includes, any dead wild animal or its horn, antier, tooth, tusk, bone, hoof, claw, skin, hair, wool, plumage, feather, egg, shell or other durable part, whether in a raw form or a manufactured or processed article through taxidermy and includes skin and specimen of such wild animal mounted in whole or in part;

(Iviii) "Trial court" means the district and session court as defined in Code;

(lix) "value" means value of the specimen as determined by officer; (ix) "wetlands" means the areas of marsh, fen, peat land or water, whether natural or artificial, permanent or temporary, with water that is static or flowing, fresh, brackish, including areas of marine water the depth of which at low tide does not exceed six meters:

(lxi) "wildlife" includes organic resources, animals, biros, fish, reptiles, vegetation, soil and water:

(ixii) "wildlife offence" means any violation with respect to wildlife as defined under this Act:

(ixiii) "wildlife police station" means as defined under Police Order, 2002

(ixiv) "wildlife sanctuary" means an area of land or coast owned or managed by Government for protection of wildlife, especially for their undisturbed breeding or staging and wintering of migratory waterfowl;

(ixv) "zoo" or "zoological garden" means a place where wild animals of indigenous and exotic species are kept or housed for conservation, education, research, breeding and re-introduction of native species.

#### CHAPTER-II ESTABLISHMENT OF COUNCIL

3. (1) Government shall, by notification, in the official Gazette, Establishment establish a Council to be called the Sindh Council for Conservation of of Council. Wildlife consisting of the following:-

(i) Minister or Advisor or Special Chairman Assistant for Wildlife Department, as the case may be.

(ii) Secretary Forest and Wildlife Member Department

Secretary, Planning and Member Development Department Government of Sindh

(iv) One Representative from corporate Member sector to be nominated by Chief Minister.

(v) One representative from reputed NGO Member having wildlife experience to be nominated by Chief Minister.

(vi) One eminent member of Academia having contribution to the field of zoology to be nominated by Chief Minister.

(vii) One Representative from Hunters to be nominated by Chief Minister.

(viii)One Progressive captive breeder to Member be nominated by Chief Minister.

(ix) Conservator Wildlife, Sindh

Member

Member

Member/ Secretary (2) An official member appointed by virtue of his office shall cease to be the member on vacating such office.

(3) A non-official member shall hold office for a period of four years from the date of his appointment, and shall be eligible for re-appointment as Chief Minister may determine.

(4) A non-official mumper may at any time, before the expiry of his term, residen from his office, or be removed from office by Government without assigning any reason.

(5) Any person appointed on a casual vacancy in the office of non-official member shall hold office for the unexpired portion of the term of such vacancy.

(6) The non-ufficial members shall be on honorary basis and shall not claim any salary or allowances for their representation on Council.

The Council shall perform the following functions:-4

Functions of the Council.

(a) to give vision and guidance for sustainability of wildlife without intervening in routine official business of the department;

(b) to promote cooperation, coordination and collaboration amongst stakeholders of wildlife:

(c) to organize awareness campaigns, seminars, walks, and publish material including brochures, pamphlets for awareness.

(d) fund raising for wildlife improvement.

5 (1) The Council shall meet as often as necessary but not less than twice in a calendar year on the date and time fixed Council. by the Chairman.

(2) Five members shall form a quorum of the Council.

(3) The Chairman shall ordinarily preside over all meetings of the Council and in his absence the members present shall elect from amongst themselves to be Presiding Member who shall act as Chairperson.

(4) The members shall have reasonable notice of the time and place of the meeting and the agenda for such meeting.

(5) The decision of the Council shall be taken by majority vote and in case of a tie, the Chairman shall have a casting vote.

(6) The decisions taken by the Council shall be in writing and signed by the Secretary of the Council.

Meetings of the

THE SINDH GOVT, GAZETTE EXT, SEP. 2, 2020

PART-IV

6. (1) The competent authority may establish the Sindh Wildlife Fund. Conservation and Development Fund.

(2) The Council shall take steps for raising of funds, the sources of the Fund, inter alia, shall include subject to justification, the following:-

(a) the grants in-aid from the multilateral and bilateral donors:

(b) international organizations:

(c) civil society organizations:

(d) the private sector:

(e) individual philanthropists:

7. (1) The funds so raised by the Council shall be utilized Utilization of Funds. against approved annual plan of action by the Council through Member/Secretary of the Council.

(2) For the purpose of utilization of funds, the office not below Assistant of Conservator Wildlife or District wildlife, as the case may be, shall be deemed to be field office of Controller General of Pakistan.

(3) The officer in charge of a Wildlife District or a Division shall exercise the financial powers as provided within the meaning of Sindh Financial Rules.

(4) There shall be departmentalized accounting system for operations related to wildlife management, conservation and development in the Province of Sindh.

#### CHAPTER-III PROTECTED AREAS

8. (1) The Department may, with the previous sanction of Government, declare any state land, waste land, reserved or protected forest as a whole or portion thereof, as protected area.

(2) For the purpose of declaration of any state land as a Protected Area the procedure defined under section 3 to 20 in the Forest Act 1927 shall be adopted.

9.(1) The actions which are prohibited in the protected area Prohibition of and any wildlife habitat including -

(a) hunting, shooting, killing, injuring, trapping, snaring and poisoning of wildlife found therein;

(b) polluting, poisoning, draining or diverting the water resource for the purpose other than the purpose which is essential for health of wildlife:

Power to declare protected area.

actions.

(c) cutting, girdling, damaging, injuring or destroying floral resources or burning and collecting the plants or part thereof:

(d) damaging the infrastructure and culturally significant natural structures, defacing, counterfeiting the boundary marks, encroachment, cultivation or changing the land use; or

(e) breaking the land for oil and gas exploration, seismic survey or any kind of other survey:

(f) drilling, kindling fire or abating in setting fire;

(g) grazing, fishing, trespassing:

(h) blowing pressure horn and playing electronic instruments such as television, radio or tape recorder, loudspeaker causing noise and car racing or other noise related sports:

(i) quarrying, causing or fashioning of natural stones, exploration and exploitation of mines and minerals;

(2) Any person who contravenes or breaches any of the acts under sub-section (1) shall be dealt as mentioned in Third Schedule.

(3)The Department with the previous sanction of competent authority may, for scientific purpose, improvement of aesthetic. scenic beauty, and in the larger public interest, relax to undertake any of the acts prohibited under sub-section (1) particularly in wildlife protected areas, subject to fulfillment of the requirements provided in section-86:

10. For the purpose of removal of encroachment in the Removal of protected areas,

encroachment from protected areas.

(1) the procedure laid down in section 26 (A) of the Forest Act 1927 shall be adopted.

#### (2) The provisions of Sindh Public Property Removal Act, 2010 shall apply.

11. (1) Every person in a village contiguous to protected area, Laxity in or any person employed by the Department, or a person who providing receives emoluments from the Department, shall be bound to Assistance. assist Wildlife Officer -

(a) to extinguish any fire in the protected area; in preventing the commission of any offence; and

(b) when there is reason to believe that any offence has been committed in protected area, in discovering and arresting the offender.

(2) Any person who, being bound so to do, without lawful excuse (the burden of proving which shall lie upon such person) fails to abide the provisions of sub-section (1), shall be punishable with imprisonment for a term which may extend to three months or with fine which may extend to rupees one hundred thousand.

(3) In case of any fire incident, the Officer shall, without any unnecessary delay, issue first offence report and furnish a fire report describing the nature and extent of the incident, and the efforts immediately taken in this behalf.

12. (1) The Department may with the previous approval of the National Park. competent authority, by notification in the official Gazette, declare any area to be a national park with a view to protection and preservation of wildlife and outstanding scenery, flora and fauna (habitat) in the natural state in such manner as may be prescribed.

(2) A National Park shall be accessible to public for recreation. education and research.

(3) The provision for access roads to and construction of rest houses, hostels and other buildings in the national park along-with amenities for public may be so made and the forest therein shall be so managed and forest produce obtained as not to impair the object of the establishment of the national park.

13. (1) The Department may with the previous approval of the Wildlife competent authority may, by notification in the official Gazette, Sanctuary. declare any area to be a wildlife sanctuary and may demarcate it in such manner as may be prescribed.

(2) The wildlife sanctuary shall be set-aside as undisturbed breeding ground for the protection of wildlife and access thereto for public shall, except in accordance with the rules, be prohibited and no exploitation of forest therein shall be allowed except for reducing fire hazards, epidemic or insect attacks or other natural calamities.

14. The Department may, on the recommendations of Council Game Reserve. declare any area to be a game reserve, where hunting and shooting of wildlife shall not be allowed, except under a special permit issued by Conservator Wildlife, which may specify the maximum number of animals or birds that may be hunted or captured in the area, duration for which such permits shall be valid.

15. Subject to the provisions of this Act and rules, where the Private Game Conservator Wildlife is satisfied on the report of Deputy Conservator Wildlife that an area of land in private ownership supports sizable population of game animals or has the potential of increasing the number of game animals to harvestable level, declare it as a Private Game Reserve, on receipt of a formal request from a single owner or jointly owned area, for managing and using it sustainability for hunting of native game animals found or re-introduced therein.

Reserve.

PART-IV

(2) The Conservator Wildlife may at any time, by notification in the official Gazette, de-notify a Private Game Reserve, after seeking report in writing from the Deputy Conservator Wildlife If the Private Game Reserve has degraded to a stage that it is not likely to, recover for achieving the objectives of its establishment.

16. (1) Subject to provisions of this Act and rules and with prior Community permission of Competent Authority, where the Conservator Game Reserve. Wildlife is satisfied on the report of Deputy Conservator Wildlife that an area of land owned de-jure or de-facto by a local community supports sizable population of game animals or has the potential of increasing the number of game animals with management to harvestable level, may designate it as a Community Game Reserve, on receipt of formal request for managing and using it sustainability for hunting of game animals during hunting season.

(2) The Conservator Wildlife may, at any time, by notification in the official Gazette, after seeking report in writing from the Deputy Conservator Wildlife de-notify a Community Game Reserve if -

(a) the Community Game Reserve has degraded to a stage that it is not likely to recover for meeting the objectives of its establishment: and

(b) the community has grossly violated the provisions of this section.

17. The Department may, with the previous sanction of Zoological competent authority, establish a zoo, zoological garden. The Department may with the previous sanction of competent Joint 18. authority -

Garden. Management.

- (i) invite the proposals from private sector, local and foreign dignitaries for wildlife conservation, development and management of protected areas;
- (ii) , enter into a public-private partnership with private sector, local and foreign dignitaries in wildlife conservation for benefit of wildlife and local community.

(2) Subject to provisions of this Act and Rules, Department may permit any person to use protected area for -

(a) increasing the productivity of the wild flora and fauna; development of the protected area without disturbing the natural features of habitat:

(b) developing wild medicinal plants or non-timber forest produce (NTFP) based cottage industry beyond one kilometer radius from boundary of protected area without compromising the natural features of the protected area.

(3) Department shall not permit the use of protected area or wasteland for -

(a) construction of asphalt roads:

- (b) change of land use for the purpose other than development of bio-diversity and captive breeding related activities; or
- (c) a housing project.

(4) Subject to any other law, and with the previous sanction of the competent authority, the Department may enter into a detailed contractual arrangement with any person or firm in accordance with the provision of this section.

(5) If in the opinion of Department, the person has violated any provisions of this Act or the contractual agreement, the Department may with the previous sanction of competent authority impose penalty defined under this Act and Rules.

The Department shall, with the previous sanction from Community 19. competent authority, where considers necessary, involve local participation. communities in planning, management, protection, conservation, sustainable use, captive breeding, trophy hunting, falconry of bustards and normal hunting of wildlife in Game Reserve under the terms as may be prescribed.

For the purpose of tapping into the significant potential of Eco-Tourism. 20. wildlife resources and ecotourism, the national and international investments shall be encouraged and attracted.

#### CHAPTER III PROTECTION & CONSERVATION OF WILDLIFE

21.(1) No person shall hunt, kill, trap and capture, or smuggle, possess and trade in wildlife such as mammals, birds, reptiles or parts thereof unless permitted.

(2) All wildlife of Sindh Province shall enjoy the protection under this Act; wildlife of other territory whenever found or brought in the Province of Sindh by trans-boundary migration or by human act shall also enjoy the protection under this Act, as provided under Fourth Schedule.

22. The Wildlife Officer or any other law enforcement Power to agency, as the case may be, shall prevent the commission of prevent any offence under this Act and may take cognizance of an commission of offence.

offence.

Protection of Wildlife

PART-IV

#### THE SINDH GOVT, GAZETTE EXT, SEP. 2, 2020

23 A Wildlife Officer not below the rank of a Wildlife Inspector Search against may search any person, premises, vessel, vehicle, consignment reasonable containing wildlife, without obtaining order or warrant from a suspect. Magistrate, so as to satisfy himself whether or not an offence under this Act has been committed.

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Any Wildlife Officer may without orders from a Power to arrest 24 Magistrate and without a warrant, arrest any person as per without section 54 of the Code and at the same time may seek assistance from private persons for arrest of an accused.

25 Subject to provisions of this Act, an officer not below the rank Power to of Wildlife Inspector or an equivalent rank may release the offender on release on bond who shall appear if and when required for the purpose of this bond person Act. arrested.

26 The officer under this Act not below the rank of Wildlife Inspector may -

(a) accept from any person who committed an offence under this Act which is compoundable, a sum of money as defined in section 74:

(b) release on payment the compounding amount as defined under section 74.

27. An offence of which the cognizance has been taken may Compounding be compounded by an officer with following intentions:-Procedure

(a) to provide an opportunity to offender for observance of responsible behavior in future:

(b) Officer not below the rank of assistant conservator wildlife shall decide the case of hunting, shooting, trapping, poisoning, snaring and or other offence related to damage and harm of wildlife and its habitat:

The offences under this Act are compoundable: 28

Provided that no second and subsequent offence under this Act shall be compounded including the offence of encroachment, mischief and arsoning in the protected area.

29. (1) The non-compounded offence under section 26 shall be Prosecution of prosecuted in the manner hereinafter mentioned.

(2) An officer not below the rank of Assistant Conservator Wildlife, on receipt of wildlife offence papers and being satisfied with the findings of the inquiry officer who is not below the rank of a Wildlife Inspector, shall issue prosecution sanction to concerned Investigation Officer not below the rank of Wildlife Inspector to present the case for trial in the Court.

No second chance,

noncompounded offence.

compounding of an offence.

warrant.

Power of

30 Upon receipt of any such report, the Trial Court shall, with Procedure all convenient dispatch, take such measures as may be necessary thereupon. for the arrest and trial of the offender and the disposal of property in accordance with the provisions of this Act and the Code.

The competent court may, for investigation of the Procedure for 31 offence, allow remand on the request of the officer to keep the custody of offender. offender under custody in a wildlife police station for a period of not more than ninety six hours.

32. (1) Any officer not below the rank of Wildlife Inspector shall -

(a) seize any wildlife, dead or alive, which has been hunted, killed, captured or acquired otherwise than in accordance with the provisions of the Act:

(b) seize any fire-arm, net, trap, snare, bow, arrow or any vehicle or vessel or anything whatsoever used or suspected to have been used in the commission of an offence under this Act.

(2) Every Officer seizing any property under this section shall place on such property a mark indicating that the same has been so seized.

(3) Any officer not below the rank of Wildlife Inspector may release the seized property used in the commission of an offence, on bond or surety by nekmard of the area concerned, subject to entry in the register to be maintained for such release and for subsequent procedure to be adopted for compounding.

(4) The property so released shall be produced if and when required before the Magistrate having jurisdiction to try the offence on account of which the seizure is made.

33. (1) The property seized under section 32 shall be liable to confiscation by an order in writing by an officer not below the rank of Assistant Conservator Wildlife or equivalent Grade.

Any person aggrieved with the order passed, under 34. section 33 may, within one month from the date of any order so passed, appeal therefrom to the Trial Court to which orders made by such Court are ordinarily appealable and the order passed on such appeal shall be final.

35. When order is passed for confiscation of any property Confiscated under section 33 and the period of appeal limited by section 34 has elapsed, and no such appeal has been preferred, or when, on such an appeal so preferred, the Appellate Court confirms such order in respect of the whole or a portion of such property, such property or portion thereof, as the case may be, shall vest in Government free from all encumbrances.

Confiscation of the property.

**Right of** appeal.

property vest in Government.

Seizure of property.

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36. The officer not below the rank of Assistant Conservator Procedure to Wildlife may -

(a) set free the confiscated healthy wildlife in the wild;

(b) sale or dispose of any property seized under this Act as soon as possible which is subjected to speedy and natural decay.

Any officer not below the rank of Wildlife Inspector who 37 finds that an offence has been committed but the offender is not known or found, may confiscate the wildlife, live or dead or part, product or derivative thereof and the property used in the commission of the offence.

38. When any offence takes place at a time and a place that nobody could have witnessed, the onus of proof of not committing such an offence shall lie on the accused.

When, in any proceedings taken under this Act or in Presumption 39. consequence of anything done under this Act, a question arises as to whether any specimen of wildlife is the property of Government, such property shall be deemed to be the property of Government, until the contrary is proved.

40. An Officer under this Act shall have -

(a) the power of a Civil Court to compel the attendance of a witness and production of documents and material objects;

(b) the power to issue a search warrant under the Code;

(c) the power to hold inquiry in any offence under this Act, and in the course of such inquiry to receive and record evidence.

It shall not be an offence if any person has sufficient Killing or 41. reason to kill any wildlife (predator or harmful) by any means in the immediate defense of his own life or that of any other , person to the extent that -

(i) he shall immediately report the nearest office of the Wildlife with brief oral and written description of situation and incidence:

(ii) the killed or injured animal being property of Government shall be handed over to the Wildlife Officer:

> Provided that the accused shall submit proof that predator as previously caused any harm or injury to a person, livestock or property and his action falls within the section 99 of Pakistan penal code 1860:

> Provided further that burden of proven shall be upon the person claiming the exception, to prove as per Article 121 of Qanoon-e-shahadat order 1984.

perishable property or live specimen.

Procedure when Offender not known or not found.

Onus of proof.

that wildlife belongs to Government

Power of Civil Court.

capturing in self-defense.

42. (1) The Department with the previous sanction of the Value of wild Council shall, by notification in the official gazette, determine animals and fix, from time to time, the value of wild animals and and trophies. trophies possessed, hunted, trapped, captured, or killed in violation of any provision of this Act.

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(2) Where any person fails to pay the value and compensation thereof under sub-section (1), he shall be liable to punishment of imprisonment doubled to that of prescribed, but not exceeding twelve months.

#### CHAPTER-IV **REGULATION OF HUNTING**

43. (1) The hunting of game animals shall be regulated in the Hunting of prescribed manner.

game animals.

(2) The Department shall, by notification in the official gazette, declare the season in which the hunting is allowed.

(3) The value of the wildlife allowed for hunting under the authorized permit shall be fixed for each animal and shall be recovered from the hunter at the time of departure from hunting around.

(4) No hunting shall be allowed during the breeding season.

(5) Whoever contravenes the provisions of sub-section (4), shall be dealt as provided in the Third Schedule.

The Department shall encourage the community participation Trophy 44. based eco-tourism and trophy hunting program and shall implement it according to the quota as fixed by Management Authority, for foreigners and locals on payment of such fees as may be prescribed.

45. Subject to sustainability of Bustard population and Allotment of conservation of habitat, Government may allot any area except areas as National Park and Wildlife Sanctuary on request of dignitary for falconry prescribed period; provided that -

(a) such request is received by Government in writing, from dignitary or his State or forwarded through Ministry of Foreign Affairs, Government of Pakistan;

(b) habitat and area so allotted shall be improved, managed and maintained as required by Government:

(c) the community interest and uplift shall be duly taken care;

(d) other wild flora and fauna shall be permitted to thrive;

46. Government or any officer authorized by it shall have the Grant of sole prerogative to grant licenses in fee or gratis. License.

hunting.

grounds during Hunting Season.

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#### THE SINDH GOVT. GAZETTE EXT. SEP. 2, 2020

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47.(1) All acts committed intentionally or un-intentionally that Prevent Cruelty. hurt the wildlife amounts to cruelty to the animals and are to Wild strictly prohibited, that includes -

Animals

(a) possession and use of wild animals for fighting or baiting;

(b) keeping, handling and transporting of wildlife in undersize cage, endosures causing un-comfort to the animals;

(2) The provisions of the Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act, 1890, so far as it relates to wild animals shall also apply.

Prohibition of No person shall use hawks for hawking or dogs for coursing the 48 hawking. game animals except under a special license issued under this Act.

#### CHAPTER-V

#### POSSESSION, TRADE & TRAFFICKING OF WILDLIFE

No person shall be in possession of any wild animal or captive 49. bred, dead or alive, trophy or meat, blood of wild animals unless he be in possession of a certificate of lawful possession granted in respect thereof by the officer not below the rank of Assistant Conservator Wildlife in this behalf:

Certificate of lawful Possession.

Provided that the certificate of lawful possession is to be obtained for each wild animal or captive bred or part thereof to be kept in possession, on payment of prescribed fee for prescribed period and shall be renewed for further period.

50. (1) The captive bred animals shall be allowed to be kept under a Lawful certificate of lawful possession or permit for the purpose of education, awareness, research, subject to the provisions of rules made under this Act.

(2) The animals collected and kept under sub-section (1) shall be properly taken care of and be kept in conducive environment.

The import and export of captive breed animals shall be Import and 51. subject to the provisions of this Act and rules made thereunder and as per provisions of Pakistan Trade Control Act of Wild Fauna and Flora Act, 2012 (Act No.XIV of 2012).

Subject to the provisions of this act and rules the re-export Import and re-52. shall be encouraged for earning foreign exchange.

No person shall trade in captive breed animals, wildlife 53. trophies or meat, blood thereof, or process or manufacture goods or articles from trophies or meat, unless he be in possession of a valid license issued under the provisions of this Act.

Possession.

export of captive breed animals.

export.

**Restriction on** dealing in animals, trophies or meat.

54. No person including those working in educational and Taxidermy. research institutions, zoological museums, shall undertake taxidermy of wildlife as a profession without obtaining a taxidermy license.



56. (1) The Department shall encourage captive breeding of Captive native species for internal trade or export under such Breeding. restrictions and conditions as may be prescribed.

(2) The Conservator Wildlife on report of Deputy Conservator may register the facility for captive breeding subject to satisfaction and he may refuse registration stating the reasons therefore.

(3) The aggrieved person or organization may file a revision application to the Department, whose decision on such application shall be final.

#### CHAPTER -VI DUTIES AND POWERS

57. The Department with the previous sanction of the Delegation of competent authority may, by notification in the official Gazette, powers. delegate all or any of its powers vested under the Act, to officer of any other department for the purpose of this Act.

58. (1) On detection of wildlife offence, a Wildlife officer not Procedure of below the rank of Wildlife Sub-Inspector shall -

offences and enquiries.

(a) lodge first offence report (FOR);

185

(b) submit a copy of FOR or any proceedings under this Act to District Wildlife Officer (or officer of equivalent grade, in his absence);

#### (2) the authorized Wildlife officer shall-

(a) seize any wildlife, dead or alive, which has been hunted, killed, captured or acquired otherwise than in accordance with the provisions of the Act;

(b) seize any fire-arm; net, trap, snare, bow, arrow or any vehicle or vessel or anything what-so-ever used or suspected to have been used in the commission of an offence under the Act;



59 An Officer not below the rank of Wildlife Inspector shall Public deemed to be a public prosecutor as provided within the meaning Prosecutors of section 492 of the Code.

Upon receipt of prosecution in accordance with the 60 provisions of this Act and the Code the Trial Court specially empowered in this behalf shall try summarily.

61. In case of confiscation of a specimen of a wildlife originating from another territory falling under the purview of Convention on International Trade in Endangered Species of wild flora and fauna, the Conservator, Wildlife Sindh or any officer authorized in this behalf may foreign origin through Ministry of Foreign Affairs return the confiscated specimen to the territory of origin or the country of export or origin or may gift or sell to any registered zoo, aviary, zoo-cum-botanical garden or captive breeding facility in the country or abroad on such conditions as deemed fit

52 Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act or any other law, for the time being in force, the Conservator Wildlife, Sindh or any other officer authorized in this behalf may -

(a) set free the confiscated healthy wildlife in the wild, in a transparent manner, preferably in controlled and well maintained wildlife protected areas;

(b) sell or dispose off any property seized under this Act as soon as possible which is subjected to speedy and natural decay, and may deal with the proceeds as he would have dealt with such property if it had not been confiscated, subject to keeping full record of each such case.

The officer not below the rank of Assistant Conservator Power to 63. Wildlife may sanction as reward the 1/4th of the amount realized as compensation, value and fine, to the officials and person who Rewards. performed extra-ordinary in detection, registration or disposal of an offence. .

64. (1) The Office not below the rank of wildlife inspector Wildlife Police. shall deemed to be a wildlife police station for the purpose of this Act.

(2) The field formation of Sindh Wildlife Department from BS-5 to 20 shall deem to be wildlife protection police for the purpose of this Act.

65. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Act, the Power to sell Department may, for scientific management, sustainable use, allow sale or exchange of wild animals or captive bred from any wildlife breeding farm, wildlife park, safari park, zoology garden or zoo.

or exchange.

Power to Dispose off Case Property (other than compounded).

Power to try

summarily

Power to

CITES and

case Property.

Dispose

offence

Sanction

66. The Department, with the previous sanction of the Power to add to or exclude competent authority, by notification, in respect of any specified from Schedule. area may -

(a) add to or exclude from the Schedules any wild animal or captive bred, subject to such conditions as it may impose in each case:

(b) alter the period during which any wild animal or captive bred specified in the Second Schedule may be hunted.

#### CHAPTER-VII MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

The Department shall, in accordance with its particular Multilateral 67. conditions and capabilities, adopt such appropriate measures Environmental and meet such goals, obligations, targets, conventions, articles, protocols, resolutions, appendices and specimens in pursuing the objectives of Multilateral Environmental Agreements to which Government of Pakistan is signatory or instrument and specifically related to wildlife and biological diversity, in whole or in part.

The protection to the wildlife of other Provinces, 68. territories and countries shall apply mutatis mutandis as to the protection of wildlife to the Province of Sindh.

Confiscated CITES species of wild flora and fauna, shall be 69. repatriated and or handed over to country of origin on request via CITES management authority of Pakistan.

The exotic species of fauna and flora which may threaten 70. the ecosystem and indigenous population shall be prevented.

71. Whosoever contravenes or attempts to contravene the Punishment. provisions of this Act or the rules and regulations made thereunder shall be punishable as provided in Third Schedule.

Nothing contained in this Act shall prevent from 72. prosecuting any wildlife offender under any other law for any of under other his act or omission which also constitutes as an offence under this Act or under any other law to award any higher punishment or penalty than under this Act.

73. (1) An abetment of any offence under this Act shall be punishable in accordance with the provisions of this Act and the Code.

(2) No person shall interference in government duty for the purpose of this act anyone who contravenes shall be dealt in accordance with the provisions of this Act and Code.

Agreements.

Transboundary protection.

**CITES** species repatriation.

Prevention of exotic species

Prosecution Laws.

Abetment of offence and interference in duty.

The council shall determine the rate of compensation of Determination 74 wildlife and trophies, inter alia, possessed, hunted, trapped, of the Value captured, or killed in violation of any provision of this Act.

(1) The imprisonment for the non-payment of Imprisonment 75. compounding, amount of the wildlife offence shall run consecutively after the service of term of imprisonment non-payment imposed.

(2) The term of imprisonment in case of sub-section (1), compensation. shall be calculated at the rate of one day for five hundred rupees of the penalty imposed.

(3) Any sum of amount due under the provision of this Act shall be recovered as arrears of land revenue under the Sindh Land Revenue Act 1967.

A person who commits any of the acts prohibited under Forest Act, 76. the Forest Act, 1927, in a protected area shall be deemed to be 1927 to apply. an offender under this Act and the penalties provided in the Forest Act, 1927 shall mutatis mutandis apply.

77. The provisions of the Cattle Trespass Act; 1871 relating Cattle Trespass to the cattle trespassing and grazing in the protected area(s) or in any portion of a protected area(s) which has been lawfully closed to grazing, shall apply mutatis mutandis to this Act.

The Department may, by notification, direct that in lieu of 78. the fines fixed under section 12 of the Cattle Tress Pass Act, fines. 1871, the owner or occupant of the cattle impounded, shall pay the fines as Department deems appropriate but such fines shall not exceed the following amounts:-

(i) for each buffalo or camel

One thousand rupees

(ii) for each horse, mare, gelding, Five hundred rupees. pony,

> One thousand rupees

(iv) For each calf, ass, ram, ewe, sheep.

(iii) colt, filly, mule, bull, bullock,

cow or Heifer.

(v) Lamb or goat.

One thousand

Two hundred

rupees

rupees

Every Police Officer, Rangers Officer, Coast Guard, Marine 79. Security Agency and Custom Officer, Forest Officer shall, upon request made by any officer or person authorized under this Act, assist him in the due discharge of his duties under this Act.

**Duty of Police** Officer & Custom Officer

Act, 1871 to apply.

Powers to alter

for

and

Except with the permission in writing by Government, no Officer not to 80 Officer shall, as principal or agent, trade in wildlife animal and trade. products, whether in or outside Pakistan.

The officer of the department for the purpose of this Act shall Public servant. 81 be deemed to be public servants within the meaning of section 21 of the Pakistan Penal Code, 1860 (Act XLV of 1860).

82. No suit, prosecution, or other legal proceedings shall lie Indemnity. against the Council, officers, staff and persons authorized to carry out the purposes of this Act, in respect of anything in good faith done or intended to be done under this Act or the rules made thereunder.

83. (1) Government may, by notification in the official gazette, Power to make make rules for carrying out the purposes of this Act.

(2) In particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing power, such rules may provide for -

(a) regulation of hunting:

(b) revision of powers and duties of authorized officer(s) and delegation of the powers:

(c) fixation of the fees to be charged for any certificate of lawful possession, trading and translocation of wild or captive pred animals, licence or permit for import and export of wildlife or captive bred and birds or special licence or special permit;

(d) formulation of code of conduct for conservation and sustainable falconry of houbara bastard in Sindh under Houbara Conservation and Community welfare programs;

(e) harvesting of non-timber forest produce, timber and the granting of licences to the inhabitants of towns and villages in the vicinity of protected area to take biological or other produce for their own use, on the production and renewal of such licences:

(f) fixation of the number of mature and over-mature males of Ibex, Urial or any other animal mentioned in Second Schedule to be hunted under trophy hunting program and allocation of quota and fixing of fees thereof for foreigners and locals:

(g) settling the terms and conditions for issuance of certificates, permits, licences and related form and proforma used in dealing the wildlife;

(h) preparing the management plans and guidelines for sustainable use of wildlife and other biological resources in designated protected areas, specifically National Park, Strict Nature Reserve and Wildlife Sanctuary;

PART-IV

rules.

(i) registration of Wildlife Conservation NGOs', Community Organizations. Village Conservation Committees, Societies. Associations and Wildlife Clubs;

(i) preparation of manuals for establishment and management of captive breeding facilities, Wildlife Park and Aviary, Zoo and Private Wildlife Farming and hunting grounds and reserves;

(k) delegation of the authorities by whom, and prescribing the conditions and the manners in which, licenses may be issued;

(I) promoting and regulating the Ecotourism as an Industry.

(m) granting of rewards and awards.

(n) the examination of biological produce passing out of such areas:

(o) the protection of all biotic and abiotic assets of area from fire:

(p) the clearing and breaking up of land for cultivation or other purposes in such area;

(g) the cutting of grass and pasturing of cattle in such areas;

(r) killing, hunting, shooting of animals, fishing, poisoning water and setting traps or snares in such areas;

(s) the exercise of legitimate rights of local inhabitants; and

(t) any other rules as may be required to be made under the provisions of this Act:

84. Nothing contained in this Act shall prevent from Punishment prosecuting any wildlife offender under any other law for the and penalty time being in force, any of his act or omission which also of the offences constitutes as an offence under this Act or under any other law to award any higher punishment or penalty than under this Act.

85. (1) The Department with the previous approval of the Value of Council shall, by notification in the official gazette, determine and fix from time to time, the value of wildlife and trophies and trophies possessed, hunted, trapped, captured, or killed in violation of any provision of this Act;

(2) In case of any confiscation of the wildlife of native or exotic origin where compounding value is not fixed, the officer not below the rank of Deputy Conservator Wildlife or equivalent shall compound the offence.

86. The Department shall determine through a committee of Value of loss or experts, the value of loss to habitat caused as a result of any degradation of development activity of important nature, oil spill in coastal waters, flood disaster, un-authorized land use in a protected area or wildlife habitat owned by Government, to be recovered; and same amount shall be utilized for improvement thereupon.

provided under any other law

wildlife

habitat

87. (1) No person shall display unlawful possession of protected Prevention of animals, illegal hunt, and illegal trade advertisements on through the means of social media.

(2) Any person contravenes the provisions of sub-section (1), shall be punishable with imprisonment upto six (6) months or fine as may be determined by the Court.

88. (1) The Trial Court shall take cognizance of offence under this Act upon receiving the Challan accompanied by criminal prosecution sanction issued by officer not below the rank of Assistant Conservator Wildlife as the case may be or upon first offence report (FIR).

(2) The offence punishable under this Act shall be tried summarily by the Trial Court.

89. The following offences shall be deemed to be included in the offences Schedules:-

(i) series of acts made punishable by special and general law for Schedules. unlawful hunt shall be deemed to be part of schedule;

(ii) any attempt, abetment, harbour; unlawful assemble, rioting, affray for hunting without lawful permit or hunting in prohibit season or in a prohibited area or hunting prohibited non-human shall be an offence under this Act;

(iii) any assault or criminal force upon wildlife Officer on duty under this Act to deter such public servant from discharge or his duty by any person;

(iv) any mischief or Arson to the habitant, any tree, any natural atmosphere/living of and wildlife animal or any public or private property before, during or after any lawful or unlawful hunt;

(v) causing any explosion during any lawful or unlawful hunt;

(vi) using illegal or unlawful arms in a lawful hunt.

90. (1) The Sindh Wildlife Protection Ordinance, 1972, hereinafter referred to as the repealed Ordinance is hereby repealed.

(2) Notwithstanding the repeal under sub-section (1), all actions taken, obligation, liability, penalty or punishment incurred; inquiry or proceedings commenced, officer appointed or person authorized, jurisdiction or power conferred, rules made, and licences, permits or orders issued under the provisions of the repealed Ordinance shall be deemed to have been validly taken, incurred, commenced, appointed or authorized, conferred and rules made shall continue to be in force until altered, amended or repealed.

Repeal and Saving.

deemed to be included in the

Wildlife Cyber Crime

Taking Coonizance by Trial Court

## THE SINDH GOVT. GAZETTE EXT. SEP. 2, 2020

(3) Notwithstanding anything contained in the previous notifications, official memorandums and West Pakistan forest rules shall be protected Under this Act until the same or riot specifically debarred.

## BY ORDER OF THE SPEAKER PROVINCIAL ASSEMBLY OF SINDH

### G.M.UMAR FAROOO . SECRETARY PROVINCIAL ASSEMBLY OF SINDH

Sindhi Jungi Bakra/Ter, Pashin, Pachin

Hiran, Chinkara/ Kal-punchh Gora Hiran, Chitea

Chito

Hiran Chialica Abdu. Ask, Phaskela Arca Cambal, Galar, Onsahkai Harah, Har

Unal / Human Shah Kola, Koch,

Sarah

Garand, Gad

Phara, Pharho

#### FIRST SCHEDULE PROTECTED ANIMALS

(see section 2(II)

The following wildlife are declared as protected until otherwise as per provisions of this Act

- All game animals when immature (i)
- All females of game animals when (11)
  - (a) pregnant:

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suckling or feeding young ones, and (b)

accompanied with immature offspring (c)

#### (11) Ungulate mammals;

- Sind Wild Guat Capita aegagitus Ovis unentalis Unat Gazella gazelle
- Chinkara Gazelle 14
- Hog Deer Axis porculus

Carnivore and Omnivore mammals (iv)

1	Leopard	Panthora pardus	Tendwa, Cheeta, Bagh, Soh, I
2	Grey Wolf	Canis lupus	Bharria, Baghar
3	Caracal	Felis caracal syn Caracal caracal	Siah-gush, Ech, Harwullo
4	Desert Cat	Felis silvestris /Fellis libyca	Sahrai billi, Rann billo
5	Fishing Cal	Prionallurus vaverrinus	Machhii kitore billi, Fehat bilo
6	Jungle Cat	Fells chaus	Jungli billi, Jhangrar billu
7:	Small Indian Civet	Viverricula indica	Phawwi Khastoon billo
18	Beech or Stone	Martes Ioina	
	Marten		a state of the second second
9	Striped Hyena	Hyaena hyaena	Lagar Bagar, Charakh
10	Honey Badger /	Mellivora caperisis	Bildo, Gorpat
	Ratel		
11	Spiny Ant Eaters including Pangolin	Manis crassicaŭ data	Choonti khore, Chihalo miro

- Aler	12	Long-eared			
		Lung-caled	Hemiechinus auritus	Jaho chuha, Jaho	-
		Hedgehog			
			Vulpes vulpes	Lal Loaniri, Lomer, Lokar	
		Smooth Coaled ( Otter	utra perspicillata.	Ludher, Ludra Udni, Ludhrhoo	1997 - 10
		The second second second	Viverricula indica		
	16	Common Mongoose I	lerpestes edwardsr	Neaola, Nore	*
(v) ·	found	rimate mammals s in fresh waters or i	uch as Dolphins, Wi marine waters	ales, Sharks, Dugong whether	
(vi)	Herbiv	ore mammals,	and the second		
	1	Wild Ass	Equus hermonus khu	Gor khar, Jangli gadha	
	2	Blue Bull	Boselaphus tragocan	Nu Gai	all calles and
100	3	Eastern Grey Squirre	I Sciurus carolineriis	Surmai Gulahe	
	4	Black Buck	Antelope cervicapara	Kala hiran, Karo haran	
VII)	Ducks				
		Marbled Teal	Marmaronetta angusti	ostris Chóti Batakh, Degosh min jhalai	
	2	Ferruginous Duck	Aythya nyroca	Kurchia, Bidnoon	
25	3	Spol-bill Duck	Anas poecilorhyncha	HanHanjar Batakh/ Garmpai, G	uncal Hamour
				Hangro, Hanjar	ugrai, manipui,
	4	Cotton Teal	Netlapus coromandeli		o` *
vili) ix)	All indiv	orks, Grebes, Plove	ars, Lapwings, Gees	erons, Egrets, Flamingos, Pelicans, Swans and Sandpipers; s, Buzzards, Eagles, Harriers,	
<)			olher bird species		
	12-15-12-1		outer bird opcolog.		
	1	Owls		Ulloo	ALL STREET,
	2	Woodpeckers	A BARRAN	Hudhud, Tarkhaan	
4	3	Starlings	State of the second	Tiliar	
	4.	Alexandrine Parakeet			
a) Mowi	The Ph ng:	easants, Chakur a	nd Partridge of fami	PHASIANIDAE including the	
	. 1	Common Peafowl	Pavo cristatus	More, More	Contraction of the
	+ 2	Black Par' idge	Francolinus francolinus	Kaia Titar/ Telra, Kais Titar, Karo	Tiles
	3	Chukor Partridge	Electons gracea	Chukor, Chakur, Chukra, Khonk Cha	in Zeck Choke
	4	Western Horried	Tragopan melanoceph	us Dana Geer	nu, Lan, Ondrof
1.					
		Tragopan			

(xiii) All members of Reptile group that includes.-

- (a) Crocodiles (b) Gharial
- (c) Snakes
- (d) Lizards
- (e) Skinks / Lacertas, and Monitor Lizards
- (f) Marine Turtles
- (g) Fresh Water Turties

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## THE SINDH GOVT, GAZETTE EXT, SEP. 2, 2020

(h) Tortoises

All Corals found in the coastal belt or marine waters of Sindh. (XIV)

#### SECOND SCHEDULE GAME ANIMALS (See section 2(xxxi).

The following Wildlife are permissible to be hunted, until otherwise as per provisions of this Act.

- (a) prescribed permit (ordinary or special) issued by authorized officer is in possession of hunter trimself
- (b) found in Non Protected areas declared and notified as open for hunting

(c) -hunting is carried out during prescribed open season and open days of the week of the specific season

E		

10219		(i) Ducks									
.1	t asser	Whistling Teal-	Dendrocygna jav	anica		Silahli					÷.,
2	Ruddy	Shel Duck or Brahminy Duck	Tadorna ferrgine	la		Surkhab, Chakwa, Surkhab	Lal				
3	Cornmo	in Shel Duck		Tedonia la	doma	Safro Chakwa, Safe Sarkhab	bđ				
4	Pintal	100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	. 1	Anas acuta		Sanh Sikhpar, Dige	sch	- FAR	et a de s	1. 1.	
5	Comine	n Teal		Anas crecc		Keraputari, Suchuri				1.2.00	
6	Mallard		and the second	Anas platyr	hynchos	Huraro Chaka, Nilsar, Nilru	ol .	Noim	ore than	1ª Səlu	rday of
7.	E State		1000	Anas falcat		Chotiya, Wano hurv		15 Du	iks of all	October	to l'ast
8	Wigeon	100 March 1	and the second	Agas penel	000	Peasan Partarui, L		specie:	i per day	Sunda	
9	Gargan			Anas quan	and some of the second second	Chai Putari				Febru	iary
• <sup>10</sup>	Shovelli	al		Anas clype	A second real and the second sec	Tidari, Punana, Tar Ghira	akwala,			(Sature	
11	Red-cre	sted Pochard		Netta rufina		Lalsar				Sunday	Gally)
12	Commo	0 Pochard		Aythya ferir	a	Burama, Iburbandao			10 5		
13	White-e	yed Pochard		Aytinya nyro	ica	Karachiya, Burar M. Lalbigri Budha	ada.				
14	Tulted E	the same in the second s		Aythya fulig	ula	Dubara, Abtak Bohy	wara	2 9 A			1216
15 .	Goosan	der	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Margus mo	ganser	1 Contraction of the second		100	an stalle		
		(ii) Coots and	d Moorhens	· ····	- Contract of	·	1.1	1000			
-	16	Coot	Fulica a	atra	Khushk Kanram	al Dasan, dab	15 only p	oer day	1 <sup>st</sup> Satur October		1,
	17	White-breasted Moorhen	Amauro phoenic		Dawak, Katioo	Pampaira, Kuraki	Not more of all spe		Sunda Febru	ay of	
	18	Moorhen	Gallinul	a chloropus	The Article and Article and Article	ghi/ Dakabpairs	per day		(Satur		
	19	Purple Moorhen	Porphyr	io porphyrio	Kaim, K	ulang,Cajro, Kahoo	02 only p	ber day	Sunday		
		(iii) Plovers, S			ertain o	ther Waders			- constant		
	20	White Tailed Lapwing	Charadi	Ris Leucinis	Tibri, Til	ihar/Titoo	02 only p	er day	Elen a	2011	10.
	21	l apwing	Vanellus	s vanellus	Rodhur, Tibhar/1	Shaz Titli, Titoo	Not more				
	22	Red-wattled Lapwing	Vanellus	s indicus	Fita, Tit Fithar/T	ori, Talechar, Titoo	of all spe	icies	1 <sup>th</sup> Salur October		G. *
*	23	Yellow-wattled Lapwing	Vanellu; malabar		Zirdi, Jit	hiri, Tibhar/Titoo			Sunda Febru	A second second	Sec. 1
	24	Eastern Golden Plover		dovninica	Titiri / S	ona Batan,	Not more	then 6	A CONT		
1	25	Fantail Snipe/ Common Snip Pintail Snipe		o gallinago o stenura	Chaha /	Pakhi, Jalan, Chaho Pakhi, Jalakri	of all spe per day	cles	(Sature Sunday		

5	THE SIN	DH GOVT. GAZE	CTTE EXT. SEP. 2, 2020	PART-IV
27	Jack Shipe	Fyrmouryples	Kadakhocha, Chaho Chaha / Chuto Chaha, Asral Pak, Chaho	
28	Painted Snipe	Rostratola	Chaha / Rachalia, Baggargi,	

#### (iv) Stone Curlews or Stone Plovers Burturnis Stone Cullew

oedicitemus

Lambi Karakwanak, Basin

14 Saturday of October to Last Sunday of February

(Saturday & Sonday only)

#### (v) Partridges and Quails Ammoperdix

Seesee Pacifidge 30

31 Grey Partridge

Rain Quail or Black Breasted Quail 32

33

41

42

43

Indian Har

Wild Boar

Quail

#### ocudicenaous Columix

coromandelica Cotumix Cotumix

griseogularis

Francolinus

### Kuckie, Chauklau, Slai, Sissi

Bhoora Titar, Bagro

Batais Bataira

Rataira Batair

#### 15th November Not more their to 15<sup>th</sup> February five of all on Sunday only species per day

05 only per day

Not more then

fifteen of all

species per day.

Not more them.

six of all species

per day

2<sup>rd</sup> Saturday of August to 2nd Sunday of September (Saturday & Sunday crily)

21d Saturday of

August to 210

Sunday of

September

(Saturday &

Sunday only)

	(vi) Sandgrouses			the states the	1st Saturday of	
.34	Indian or Chestnul Bellied Sandgrouse	Pterocles exustus	Bhat utar, Gero Bakht, Bakh		October to Last	10
35	Spotted Sand Grouse	Pterocles senegallus	the second s	Not more then six of all species	Sunday of Elebruary	
36	Imperial or Black Bellied Sand Grouse	Prerocles onentalis	Bhat Titar, Gero Bakht, Bakh	per day	(Saturday &	12
37	Coronetted or Crowned Sand	Pterocles coronalus	Bhatta, Bal		Subday only)	
38	Close-barred or Painted Sand Grouse	Pterocles indicus	Hansia, Sina Dukru			

#### (vii) Pigeons and doves

- Rock Pigeons and other species of Pigeons' commonly 39 found in the Providce excluding Imperial Pigeon, Pin tailed Pigeon and Green Pigeon
- All species of Doves community bund in the Province 40

#### (viii) Mammals Cape Hare

viii) Mammals e re	Lepus capensis Lepus ingraditis	Khargosh, Sahoo Khargosh, Sahoo	Note mote then three hares of all species per day	1ª Saturday of September to tast Sunday of
	Sus scrola	Knanzeer, Suwar, Suam, Merun	Five only per one special permit	March (Saturday & Sanday only)

Kaboota/

Fakhta, Ghero

#### 195

29

		THIRD SCI PUNISH (see sect	MENT .		
	PART (A) Of Protected Areas			1. A.	
Sr.No.	Offerice	Whether wildlife Officer can arrest without warrant	Whether compoundable or not	Whether bailable or not	Punishable under the Act
- 1.	Contravention of clause (a)of sub-section (1) of section 9- hunting, shooting, killing, injuring trapping, sharing and bolsoning of wild animals found therein and	Ye;	YES	Ballable	description up to 05 yearswith fine up to rupees Two lac fifty thousand
2.	Contravention of clause (b) of sub-section (1) of section 9- polluting, poisoning, draining or diverting the water resource for the purpose other than the purpose which is	-Do-	Not	Non bailable	Imprisonment of either description up to 05 years with fine up tofive lac fifty thousand rupees
3.	essential for health of wildlife. Contravention of clause (c)of sub-section (1)section 9- cutting girdling damaging injuring or destroying floral resources or burning and collecting the plants or part	-Du-	Yes	Bailable	imprisonment of either description for 06 months with fine up to rubees Fifty thousand
4.	thereof; Contravention of clause (d) of sub-section (1) of section 9 - damaging the infrastructure and culturally significant natural structures, defacing, counterfeiting the boundary marks or breaking the land for mining, encroachment.	-Do	-00-	Non bailable	Imprisonment of either description up to 05 years with fine up to rupees Five lac
5.	cultivation or changing the land use, Contravention of clause (e) of sub-section (1) of section 9- breaking the land for oil and gas exploration, seismic and or any kind of survey drilling.	-Dc-	-De-	Non bailable	Imprisonment of either description up to 06 years with fine up to rupees Ten lac with value of loss as determined (u/s section 90)
6	Contravention of clause (f) of sub-section (1) of section 9- orilling, kindling fire or abate in setting fire;	-Do-	-Dc-	Non ballable	imprisonment of either description up to 06 years with fine up to rupees One lac.
7	Contravention of clause (g) of sub-section (1) of section 9	-Dc-	-Do	Sanable	imprisonment of either description up to 06 months with fine up to rupees Fifty thousand

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8.	television, radio or table recorder causing noise and car rading or other noise related sports;	Do-	-Do-	Sailable	Imprisonment of either description up to 03 months with fine up to rupees Twenty thousand
9,	Contravention of clause (i) of sub-section (1) of section 9 - quarrying, causing or fashioning of natural stones, exploration and exploitation of mines and minerais;	Do	-Do+	Non bailable	Imprisonment of either description up to 03 months with fine up to rupees Ten lat
	•	THIRD SCHE PUNISHM (see sectio	ENT		X
Neo II	PART (B)			The All States	
Sr.No.	Offence	Whether wildlife Officer can arrest without warrant	Whether compound able or not	Whether bailable or not	Punishable under the Act
	OFFENCE		usie or not		A REAL PROPERTY OF A REAL PROPER
1.	Contravention of Section 21		and the		
10.	a) Hunt, kiii (a mammal)	Yes	Yes	bailable	Imprisonment of either oescription up to 05 years wit fine up torupees Two lac fifty thousand
11.	1) trap capture. (a mammal)	Yes	Yes	Bailabiç	Imprisonment of either description for 01 year with fine up to rupees One lac
12.	<ol> <li>smuggle, (a mammal, bird &amp; reptile)</li> </ol>	Yes	Yes	ballable	Imprisonment of either description for 03 year with fine up torupees five lac including value per head as determined according to rules prescribed.
13.	<ol> <li>possess and trade in wild Animals or parts thereof unless permitted; (a mammal, bird &amp; reptile)</li> </ol>	Yes	Yes	Ballable	Imprisonment of either description up to 01 year with fine up to rupees One lac.
14.	<ul> <li>Hunting of animal other than wild boar witk use of dogs,</li> </ul>	Yes	Yes	bailable	Imprisonment of either description up to 05 years wit fine up to rupees Two lac fifty thousand.
02	HUNTING OF BIRDS	distance for the feature	A STATISTICS AND A STATISTICS		·

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A. A	a) Black Partridge	Yes	Yes	bailable	Imprisonment of either description up to 03 months with fine up to rupees five thousand per head.
	<ul> <li>D) Peafowi, Pheasants, Chakors</li> </ul>	Yes	Yes	bailable	Imprisonment of either description up to 03 months with fine up to rupees five thousand per head.
	<ul> <li>c) Grey Partridge, see-see, quali, Alexandrian Parakeet: Pigeon and all other live small game animals or trophy thereof</li> </ul>	Yes	Yes	bailable	Imprisonment of either description up to 03 months with fine up to rupees five thousand per head
	d) Houbara Bustard	Yes .	Yes	ballable .	Imprisonment of either description up to 03 months with fine up to rupees five thousand per head.
	Waterfowis Ducks, Coots and moorhens, Plovers, Sandpipers, Snipes, Lagwings, Waders and Curlews Herons, Egrets and Grebes Flamingos, Pelicans, Ibis and Storks Cranes	Yes	Yes	bailable	Imprisonment of either description up to 03 months with fine up to rupees five thousand per head

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a			Same Same	and the factor of the	1
Sr.No.	Offence	Whether wildlife Officer can arrest without warrant	Whether compound able or not	Whether bailable or not	Punishable under the A
01.	UNLAWFUL POSSESSION OF THE WILD ANIMALS AS LIVE OR TROPHIES (OTHER THAN TRADE) CONTRAVENTION OF SECTION-49				
	<ul> <li>Any live animal or trophy thereof found in transit without legal documents shall be seized in the first instance and may be released provided:</li> <li>a) Valid certificate of lawful possession (CLP) or evidence of gift, transfer or purchase, is provided</li> <li>b) Expired CLP is renewed on payment of prescribed fee</li> <li>c) Prescribed value and fine is paid in lieu of obtaining CLP</li> </ul>	Yet	Yes	Yes	Imprisonment of either description up to 03 month with fine up to ruppes five thousand per head.
02	Common Birds			Yes	
	e Black Partridge, a Bird of Sindh	Yes	Yes	ballable	imprisonment of either description up to 03 month with fine up to ruppes five thousand per head.
	f) Peafowl Pheasants, Chakors	Yes	Yes	bailable	Imprisonment of either description up to 03 month with fine up to rupees five thousand per head
	<li>g) Grey Partridge, see-see, quali, Pigeon and all other live small game animals or trophy thereof</li>	Yes	Yes	ballable -	Imprisonment of either description up to 03 month with fine up to rupees five thousand per head.
	Turtle and Tortoises	Yes	Yes	bailable	Imprisonment of either description up to 03 month with fine up to ruppes five thousand per head

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<u>0</u> 3	all other animals.	Yes	Yes	pailabie	Imprisonment of either description un to 03 months with fine up to ruppes five thousand per head
	a MamatsBirds of all kinds ,	Yes	Yes	Daliapit	Imprisonment of either description up to 03 months with fine up to rupees five thousand per head
	c Monkeys	Yes	Yes	Dailable	Imprisonment of either description up to 03 months with fine up to rubees five thousand per nead
	c Bear	Yes	Yes '	pailable	Imprisonment of either description up to 03 months with fine up to rubees fifty thousand per nead
	d Snakes	Yes	Yes	DBiraDif	Imprisonment of eitner description for 03 months with fine Rupees five thousand
	e Lion / Leopard	Yes	Yes	bairable	imprisonment of either description for 05 months with
					fine Rupees one lac per head
04	Unlawfull possession of exotic origin i.e from (other provinces or countries found in unlawful possession		Yes	peilabir	Imprisonment of either description for 03 months with fine Rupees fifty thousand per
04	provinces or countries found in unlawful possession				imprisonment of either description for 03 months with fine Rupees fifty thousand per nead.
04	Unlawfull possession of exotic origin i.e from (other provinces or countries found in unlawful possession Punishment shall be equivalent to that of similar kind found in the province and included in the list of Third Schedule a Other Birds b Other Mammats c Repties	Yes	Yes	oeilabir Bailabir	imprisonment of either description for 03 months with fine Rupees fifty thousand per
04	Punishment shall be equivalent to that of similar kind found in the province and included in the list of Third Schedule a Other Birds b Other Mammals c Reptiles	Yes			imprisonment of either asscriation for 03 months with fine Rupees fifty thousand per nead imprisonment of either description for 03 months with fine Up to Rupees fifty
04 Sr.No.	Punishment shall be equivalent to that of similar kind found in the province and included in the list of Third Schedule a Other Birds b Other Mammals	Yes Whether wildlife Officer can arrest without warrant			imprisonment of either asscriation for 03 months with fine Rupees fifty thousand per nead imprisonment of either description for 03 months with fine Up to Rupees fifty

Taxidermy		, Yes	-Yeś	- Barabe	imprisonment of either describtion for C2 months with fine up to Rubees tifty thousano per head nor less ther five thousano per head
Contravention of section Cruelty to animals intent		Yes	Yes	Basable	imprisonment of eithe description for 03 months with fine Rubees fift, incusand per finead
Bear baiting		Yes	Ves	Ballable	imprisonment of entre description for 82 months with fine Rupees one laciper nead
Contravention of section interference in duty and		Yes	Yes	Nonbaliable .	Fine Rs 100.000 5 year imprisonment or potr
Contravention of section Denia: or laxity in provide	-11	Yeş	Yêt	Nonbailable	Fine Rs 100 000 5 year imprisonment or potr
Contravention of section	entration in extinguishing fire-	Yes	¥85	Nonbailable	01 ýsar imprisonment o both
Contravention of section	41 (killing in self defense	, Yes	Yes	Nonbailable	Fine Rs 500 000 05 year imprisonment or potri

#### Fourth Schedule (See section 21(3)

This Schedule of protection of wildlife and biological diversity of Sindh It includes all members of the biological diversity. The biological diversity of Sindh (Terrestrial and Aquate, Genetic and Cultural) shall be salegnarded and litereshall be complete ban on its use unit notified otherwise by any

Contravention to the provision, of this Schedule shall be a compoundable offence and shall be dealt as per provisions of section 27 and if the offence is of serious nature in any protected area the provisions of section 86 shall apply

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